

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GHS

United States

Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name ETHYL ZIMATE® DUSTLESS In case of emergency

1-203-853-1400

Supplier/Manufacturer Vanderbilt Chemicals, LLC

75114

Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 Outside US:

30 Winfield Street Norwalk, CT 06855 +1-703-527-3887

Chemical name zinc diethyldithiocarbamate

Synonym bis(dithyldithiocarbamato)zinc

Material uses Accelerator.

Product type Powder.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

substance or mixture ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Code

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, drink

or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical attention.

Storage Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

Hazards not otherwise Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes,

skin, nose and throat.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

| Ingredient name | CAS number | % by weight |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------|
| zinc diethyldithiocarbamate | 14324-55-1 | 95 - 99 |
| white mineral oil | 8042-47-5 | 0 - 2 |

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed

person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a

health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark
Remark(s)

Acrid fumes may develop under fire conditions.

As with any dry material, pouring or allowing to free-fall or to be conveyed through chutes or pipes can accumulate and generate electrostatic sparks, potentially causing ignition of the material itself, or of any flammable materials which may come in contact with the material or its container.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles. Recommended: splash goggles

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product. Recommended: lab coat

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if

a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working

limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Dust respirator.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)







Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid. [Powder.]

Color White to off-white.

Odor Slight

Odor threshold

pH

Not available.

Melting point

Not available.

170°C (338°F)

Boiling point

Not available.

Flash point Open cup: 149°C (300.2°F) [Cleveland.]

Burning timeNot available.Burning rateNot available.Evaporation rateNot available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Acrid fumes may develop under fire conditions.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.DensityNot available.

Relative density 1.48

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility Soluble in the following materials: acetone.

Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

3.11

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

SADT Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityNo specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition

(spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust

accumulation.

Incompatible materialsReactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| zinc diethyldithiocarbamate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3160 mg/kg | - |
| • | LD50 Oral | Rat | 700 mg/kg | - |
| white mineral oil | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | >5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

Ingestion/inhalation of this product may cause unpleasant symptoms if alcohol is consumed within hours of exposure (antabuse effect).

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|----------------------------|-------------|
| zinc diethyldithiocarbamate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | | 24 hours 100 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Irritant | Rabbit | | 24 hours 100 milligrams | - |

Conclusion/Summary

Respiratory May cause respiratory irritation.

Sensitization

| 3 | Route of exposure | Species | Result |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|
| white mineral oil | skin | Guinea pig | Not sensitizing |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate: May cause skin sensitization.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate: Did not affect reproductive performance or post-natal

development in animal studies.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate: No evidence. (Rat, Mouse, Hamster)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | 3 3 3 | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| zinc diethyldithiocarbamate | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactCauses serious eye irritation.
Inhalation
May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|--------|--------------|
| Dermal | 3215.8 mg/kg |

Other information Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| zinc diethyldithiocarbamate | Acute EC50 1.1 mg/l | Algae | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.24 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 0.23 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| white mineral oil | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water | Fish | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | | Inoculum |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------|---------|------------|
| white mineral oil | - | 31 % - Not | readily - 28 days | - | | - |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | | Biodeg | radability |
| white mineral oil | - | | - | | Not rea | ndily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| ETHYL ZIMATE® DUSTLESS | 3.11 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

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Section 14. Transport information

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* | Label | Additional information |
|------------------------|-----------|--|---------|-----|--|-----------------------------|
| DOT Classification | UN3077 | Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc diethyldithiocarbamate) | 9 | III | *************************************** | Remarks Marine pollutant |
| TDG Classification | UN3077 | Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc diethyldithiocarbamate) | 9 | III | *************************************** | Remarks Marine pollutant |
| ADR/RID Class | UN3077 | Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (zinc diethyldithiocarbamate) | 9 | III | 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | Remarks Marine pollutant |
| IMDG Class | UN3077 | Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s (zinc diethyldithiocarbamate). | 9 | III | ************************************** | Remarks Marine pollutant |
| IATA-DGR Class | UN3077 | Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s (zinc diethyldithiocarbamate) | 9 | III | 1 | Remarks Marine pollutant |

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

<u>United States inventory (TSCA 8b)</u> All components are listed or exempted.

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: zinc bis(diethyldithiocarbamate)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ

Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

> ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Classification |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| zinc diethyldithiocarbamate | | ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 |

SARA 313

| | Product name | CAS number | % |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | zinc diethyldithiocarbamate | 14324-55-1 | 95 - 99 |
| Supplier notification | zinc diethyldithiocarbamate | 14324-55-1 | 95 - 99 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts None of the components are listed. None of the components are listed. **New York**

The following components are listed: ZINC compounds; MINERAL OIL (UNTREATED **New Jersey**

and MILDLY TREATED)

The following components are listed: ZINC COMPOUNDS **Pennsylvania**

California Prop. 65 None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted. **Europe inventory** All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ENCS) All components are listed or exempted. **Korea inventory (KECI)** All components are listed or exempted. **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals** All components are listed or exempted. (NZIoC)

Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan Chemical Substances** All components are listed or exempted.

Inventory (TCSI)

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Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Identification System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

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Version 3

Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References Not available.

Information contact Vanderbilt Global Services, LLC

Corporate Risk Management

1-203-295-2143

Visit www.vanderbiltchemicals.com for more information.

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

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